Form



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The decision of the Academic Council of the Institute of USU

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|

WORKING PROGRAM

Discipline	Latin Language 51.5.56	
Faculty	Faculty of medicine T. Z. Biktimirova	
Department	Human Anatomy	
Course	1	

Field (speciality)	31.05.01 General medicine				
00:50: #3:0 .7	course code (speciality), full name				
Orientation (profile	e / specialization)				
	n von de troche son out volume en C	full name			
Form of study	intramural	500			
	intramural, extramural, intra-extramural (specify	only those that are	implemented)		
Date of introduction	in the teaching process at USU: « <u>01</u> »_	september	2020		
The program was u	pdated at the department session: protocol N	⊚ of	20		
	pdated at the department session: protocol N		20		
	pdated at the department session: protocol N		20		
	pdated at the department session: protocol N		20		

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AGREED	AGREED		
Head of the department of	Head of the department of		
Human Anatomy	Hospital Therapy		
Signature / Vorotnikova M.V. / Norotnikova M.V. / Initials W. 22 » June 2020	McLes + Vize-Khripunova M. A. / Signature Initials « 22 » June 2020		

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1. THE COURSE AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

The course aims and objectives

- to lay the foundations of terminological training of future professionals capable of consciously and intelligently apply the medical terms in Latin and Greek terms of Latin origin in Russian.
- to understand the terms and methods of formation and know the specifics in the various subsystems of medical terminology.
- apart from professional problems solved comprehensive tasks and general culture. Some give a notion of the general linguistic regularities characteristic of typical European languages, the other on the organic connection of modern culture with the ancient culture and history.
- ability to set of educational objectives and hypotheses; choose the conditions of observation or experience; work instructions; use elements of probability and statistical methods of knowledge; describe the results to draw conclusions;
- ability to speak orally and in writing about the results of his research with the use of computer tools and technology (word processing, graphics, presentations).

2. PLACE OF THE COURSE IN THE BPEP: the discipline 61.6.56

Discipline 5.1 5.56 "Latin language" is included in the basic part of Block 1 of the Working Curriculum. Latin language - the first language of medicine, anatomy, unity of terminology. Latin is used for centuries not only in medicine, but also for the classification of, for example, animal and vegetable world. Many books in medicine were written in Latin, besides the names of all medicines production from Latin.

The discipline is taught in the 1st semester of the 1st year to full-time students.

The results of mastering the discipline will be necessary for the further learning process in the framework of the gradual formation of competencies in the study of the following special disciplines:

- Physics, mathematics
- Medical informatics
- Modern medical information systems.
- Preparation for and passing the state exam
- Nanotechnologies in medicine

3. PROPOSED RESULTS:

Competence index. Content	The proposed results of the course students are:
of a competence	
(or a part of it) GPC-1 the willingness to solve standard tasks of professional activity using information,, information and communication technologies and taking into account to the basic requirements of information security	To know: the basics of professional language; To be able to: to possess, to have experience designations of Latin terms of the special concepts in various disciplines of medical, biological and medical nature; to consciously and intelligently apply the medical terms in Latin and Greek terms of Latin origin in Russian language, and understand the terms and methods of formation, to know their specifics in the various subsystems of medical terminology;

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To be skilled at: to gain the skills terminology of
morphological disciplines - anatomy and histology of the
complex terminology of pathological anatomy, pathological
physiology and clinical sciences, pharmaceutical terminology
with range of medicines. To form the skills of independent
work, is the main information during the development of the
Latin language; to have an understanding of the place and the
ways of integration of Latin in the general system of structured
study of all disciplines in the medical school.

4. GENERAL COMPLEXITY OF THE DISCIPLINE

4.1. The total complexity of the discipline is 3 credit units (108 hours)

4.2. Workload and activity format

Type of advectional	Number of hours (The form of trainingfill-time)					
Type of educational	W1-11	Hours per term				
work	Workload	1	2	3		
1	2	3	4	5		
Contact work of	72	72	-	-		
students with the						
Lecturer in						
accordance with the						
educational plan						
Classroom:	72	72	-	-		
Lectures	-	-	-	-		
Seminars and	72	72	-	-		
practical's						
Laboratory	-	-	-	-		
and work practical's						
Individual work	36	36	-	-		
Form of current	Quiz and glossary	Quiz and glossary	-	-		
control of knowledge	answer,	answer,				
and control of	lexical - grammar	lexical - grammar				
individual work	exercises,	exercises,				
-	test paper	test paper				
Term paper	-	-	-	-		
Scope of testing	a credit	a credit	-	-		
(examination, test, the						
credit)						
Total course of	108	108	-	-		
workload	(3 credit units)	(3 credit units)				

^{*} В случае необходимости использования в учебном процессе частично/исключительно дистанционных образовательных технологий в таблице через слеш указывается количество часов работы ППС с обучающимися для проведения занятий в дистанционном формате с применением электронного обучения.

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4.3. Sections of the discipline (module) and the complexity of the types of training sessions (in academic hours)

Form of study: <u>intramural</u>

	Total	VI 8					
** 4	labor		Classroom	1	Classes		Forms of
Units / Themes of discipline	intensit y (in hours)	Lectures	Tutorials and practical's	Laboratory and work practical's	in an interacti ve form	Individual work	the progress monitoring
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Section	on 1. Ana	atomical t	terminology.	The history	of the Lat	in Languag	ge
Unit 1. The history of the Latin language and its place in the professional language of the doctor. The main stages of the development of medical	4	-	2	-	-	2	Test and questions
terminology.							
		Tł	ne basics of L	atin phonetics	S		
Unit 2. Latin alphabet. Rules of reading. Accent.	4	-	2	-	-	2	Test and questions
	l .	Anatom	ical and histo	logical termin	nology	1	
Unit 1. The structure of the anatomical term. Grammatical categories of the Latin name. The uncoordinated attribute.	5	-	4	-	-	1	Test and questions
Unit 2. Adjective. The coordinated attribute. Unit 3. Degrees	4	-	2	-	-	2	Test and questions Test and
of comparison of the adjectives.							questions
Unit 4. Preliminary information of prefix.	4	-	2	-	-	2	Test and questions

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G 1			1	I	ı	1	
Compound							
adjectives.							
Substantivation							
of adjectives.							
Unit 5.	12	-	10	-	-	2	Test and
Anatomical and							questions
histological							
terminology in							
the first, second							
and third							
declension.							
Unit 6. Three	8	-	6	_	_	2	Test and
types of							questions
declensions of							1
nouns,							
adjectives,							
participles in the							
third declension.							
Unit 7.	4	_	2	_	_	2	Test and
Anatomical and	-						questions
histological							questions
terminology of							
the fourth and							
fifth declensions.			4				TD 4 1
Unit 8.	6	-	4	-	-	2	Test and
Nominative and							questions
genitive of plural							
nouns and							
adjectives.							
		Sec	tion 2. Clinic	al terminolo	gy		
Unit 1. The	6	_	4	_	1	2	Test and
structure of the							questions
clinical term.							1
The methods of							
word formation.							
Unit 2. Suffixes	6	_	4	_	2	2	Test and
and prefixes in					_	_	questions
clinical							questions
terminology.							
Unit 3. Greco-	14		10		3	4	Test and
	14	-	10	_	3	+	
Latin doublets,							questions
single							
terminoelements.							
	Section 3. Pharmaceutical terminology						
Unit 1. The	4	-	2	-	_	2	Test and
general							questions
understanding of							_
the							
	i	<u> </u>	l	t	1	İ	1

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pharmaceutical							
terminology.							
Nomenclature of							
medicines.							
Unit 2. The verb	2	-	2	-	-	_	Test and
in the							questions
pharmaceutical							
terminology.							
Unit 3. Basic	2	-	2	_	_	_	Test and
rules of							questions
execution of the							
prescription							
string and the							
Latin part of the							
recipe.							
Unit 4. Chemical	4	-	2	_	-	2	Test and
nomenclature in							questions
Latin.							
Unit 5. The	6	-	4	_	-	2	Test and
structure of the							questions
names of medical							
products.							
Unit 6.	6	-	4	_	-	2	Test and
Frequency							questions
segments with							
chemical value.							
Major reductions							
prescription.							
Unit 7.	4	-	2	_	-	2	Test and
Numerals,							questions
adverbs,							
pronouns,							
prepositions in							
medical							
terminology.							
A credit							Test and
							questions
TOTAL:	108		72		6	36	

5. COURSE CONTENTS.

Section 1. Anatomical terminology. The history of the Latin language

Unit 1. The history of the Latin language and its place in the professional language of the doctor. The content of the topic:

- 1.Professional language of the doctor. Term and terminology. The scientific concept. The system of concepts and terminological system. Main language sources of medical terminology. Place of Latin and Greek languages in the professional language of the doctor.
- 2.A brief history of the Latin language. Its role in the formation of European science and culture. The main stages of the development of medical terminology.

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The basics of Latin phonetics

Unit 2. Latin alphabet. Rules of reading. Accent.

The content of the topic:

- 1.Phonetics. Accent.
- 2.Latin alphabet. The pronunciation of sounds.
- 3. Digraphs and letter combinations.
- 4. The rules of accent. Longitude and shortness of syllables.

Unit 3. The structure of the anatomical term. Grammatical categories of the Latin name. The uncoordinated attribute.

The content of the topic:

- 1. Grammar. Noun. Adjective. Declension system.
- 2. Noun. Grammatical categories: genus, number and case.
- 3. Five declensions of nouns. Signs of decline each.
- 4. Dictionary noun form. The uncoordinated attribute.

Unit 4. Adjective. The coordinated attribute.

The content of the topic:

- 1. Adjective. Grammatical categories: genus, number and case. Dictionary form.
- 2.Two groups of adjectives. Principles for matching of adjectives with nouns of five declines in the nominative and genitive singular.
- 3. Coordinated attributes.

Unit 5. Degrees of comparison of the adjectives.

The content of the topic:

- 1. The comparative degree of adjectives.
- 2. Alignment with five nouns decline in the nominative and genitive singular.
- 3. The use in anatomical terminology.
- 4. Superlative degree of adjectives.

Unit 6. Preliminary information of prefix. Compound adjectives. Substantivation of adjectives. The structure of the anatomical term.

The content of the topic:

- 1.Brief information about some prefixed, complex and substantivized adjectives in the anatomical terminology.
- 2. The structure of the anatomical term: derivational, morphological and syntactic.

Unit 7. Anatomical and histological terminology in the first, second and third declension.

The content of the topic:

- 1. First declension of nouns and adjectives.
- 2. Second declension of nouns and adjectives.
- 3. Third declension of nouns.

Unit 8. Three types of declensions of nouns, adjectives, participles in the third declension.

The content of the topic:

- 1. Features of the 3rd declension. Three types: consonants, vowels, mixed. The definition of each type. The difference between types of cases.
- 2. Masculine nouns of the 3rd declension. Exclusions from the rules of genus.
- 3. Feminine nouns of the 3rd declension. Exclusions from the rules of genus.
- 4. Adjectives of 3rd declension. Divide into 3 groups according to the number of generic endings. Φορμα 7 μ3 20

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Dictionary adjective form of each subgroup. Present participle. Dictionary form.

- 5.Declination of vowel type. Declination of adjectives in the comparative degree of according to the type. Insufficient degrees of comparison of adjectives.
- 6.Adjectives that form degrees of comparison of the different bases. The specifics of their use in medical terminology.

Unit 9. Anatomical and histological terminology of the fourth and fifth declensions.

The content of the topic:

- 1. The fourth and fifth declension of nouns. General characteristics.
- 2. Dictionary Form.

Unit 10. Nominative and genitive of plural nouns and adjectives of five declensions.

The content of the topic:

- 1. Nominative plural of nouns and adjectives.
- 2.Genitive plural of nouns and adjectives.
- 3. Case endings of singular and plural forms of declination. General rules.
- 4. Generalization of declination.
- 5. Repetition of the material under "Anatomical terminology".

Section 2. Clinical terminology

Unit 11. The structure of the clinical term. The methods of word formation

The content of the topic:

- 1.Introduction into clinical terminology. Some general concepts of terminology of word formation. General understanding of the structure of clinical terminology.
- 2. Greco-Latin doublets and single terminoelements.
- 3. The concept of the final term element.

Unit 12. Suffixes and prefixes in clinical terminology. (Practical lesson)

The content of the topic:

- 1. Suffixes. The suffixes of nouns, which are attached to the base of nouns, adjectives and verbs.
- 2.Greek noun suffixes in clinical terminology. The suffixes of adjectives, which are attached to the base of nouns and verbs.
- 3. Prefixes. Antonymous pair of prefixes and their values Single prefixes and their values.
- 4. Polysemy, synonyms and homonyms in prefixes.

Unit 13. Greco-Latin doublets, single terminoelements.

The content of the topic:

- 1.Greco-Latin doublets, indicating fluid secrets; sex, age.
- 2. Single terminoelements indicating nat. properties, qualities, attitudes and other features. Single terminoelements is a functional and pathological processes and conditions.
- 3.End terminoelements indicating disease symptoms of the disease, methods of diagnosis and treatment. End terminoelements indicating pathological changes of organs and tissues, surgical treatment.
- 4. Olympiad of clinical terminology.

Section 3. Pharmaceutical terminology

Unit 14. The general understanding of the pharmaceutical terminology. Nomenclature of medicines.

The content of the topic:

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- 1. The pharmaceutical terminology and recipe.
- 2. Nomenclature of medicines.
- 3. Typical structure of names of medicines and drugs.
- 4. The methods of word formation.

Unit 15. The verb in the pharmaceutical terminology.

The content of the topic:

- 1. The verb. Grammatical categories. The division into four conjugations.
- 2. The definition of the verb stem and conjugation.
- 3. Writing in the training dictionary. Infinitive.
- 4. The imperative mood.
- 5. Formation and consumption in the recipe.
- 6.Indicative and subjunctive mood.
- 7. Currently and passive voice. Verb fieri in prescription formulations. Verb -esse be.

Unit 16. Basic rules of execution of the prescription string and the Latin part of the recipe.

The content of the topic:

- 1.General understanding of the pharmaceutical terminology.
- 2. Total recipe. Concepts drug substance, drug formulation. Designation of amount of drug.
- 3.Structure of a recipe. Making the Latin part of the recipe.
- 4.Prescription wording in Latin, and the ways of their translation into Russian. Union ut in prescription formulations.

Unit 17. Chemical nomenclature in Latin.

The content of the topic:

1. Latin names of chemical elements and their compounds (acids, oxides and salts).

Unit 18. The structure of the names of medical products. (Practical lesson)

The content of the topic:

- 1. The structure of the single-word names of medicines.
- 2. The methods of word formation: suffixation, prefixation, stem-, addition of arbitrary lengths.
- 3. The frequency segments in the names of drugs that carry specific information.
- 4. The structure of the multiword names of medicines.

Unit 19. Frequency segments with chemical value. Major reductions prescription.

The content of the topic:

- 1. Prescription reducing dosage forms, the names of parts of plants, and standard prescription formulations.
- 2. Spelling and the value of the frequency segments with chemical value.

Unit 20. Numerals, adverbs, pronouns, prepositions in medical terminology.

The content of the topic:

- 1. Numerals, adverbs and pronouns that are used in medical terminology.
- 2. Communion resent and past active and passive voices.
- 3. Numerals prefix of Latin and Greek origin.

Unit 21. Overview of the course material (Latin language and the basics of medical terminology). Exam preparation.

- 1. Repetition of material for: "The pharmaceutical terminology."
- 2.Repetition of the material of the course "Latin language and the basics of medical terminology." Credit preparation.

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6. TOPICS OF PRACTICAL CLASSES (FOR DISCUSSING AND SELF-PREPARING OF STUDENTS)

Practical's and tutorial contents

Section 1. Anatomical terminology. The history of the Latin language

Unit 1. The history of the Latin language and its place in the professional language of the doctor. Discussion questions:

- 1. What is the term and terminology?
- 2. What are the main sources of medical terminology?
- 3. What is the role of the Latin language in the professional language of the doctor?
- 4. What is the role of the Latin language in the formation of European literature and the arts?
- 5. What are the main stages in the development medical terminology?

Unit 2. Latin alphabet. Rules of reading. Accent.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What is the digraph? Call. How they are spoken?
- 2. How to pronounce the letter y? Give examples.
- 3. How to pronounce combination with the letter h? What are these combinations. Give examples.
- 4. What is the length and brevity of syllable?
- 5. What are the rules for setting accents in the Latin words?

Unit 3. The structure of the anatomical term. Grammatical categories of the Latin name. The uncoordinated attribute.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What is the Latin noun declensions?
- 2. How many cases in Latin language?
- 3. Why is it important to know the end Genetivus singularis?
- 4. How is a sign of decline?
- 5. What is the "dictionary form"?
- 6. What has been the inconsistent definition? Give examples.

Unit 4. Adjective. The coordinated attribute.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What is the Latin declensions adjective?
- 2. What is the dictionary form of adjectives?
- 3. What are the principles of coordination of adjectives with nouns?
- 4. Why is the definition called "consistent"?
- 5. Call the end of adjectives 1st and 2nd groups Nominativus et Genetivus singularis.

Unit 5. Degrees of comparison of the adjectives.

Discussion questions:

- 1. How form a comparative forms of adjectives?
- 2. Which are the declination of comparative adjectives?
- 3. What are the comparative degree of adjectives most frequently found in anatomical terminology?
- 4. What is their place in anatomical terms?
- 5. What are the principles of harmonization in the comparative degree of adjectives with nouns?
- 6. What is the suffix indicates the superlative?
- 7. Which declines are superlatives?
- 8. What are the examples of the degrees of comparison of adjectives formed from different bases?

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Unit 6. Preliminary information of prefix. Compound adjectives. Substantivation of adjectives.

The structure of the anatomical term.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What are the prefix used to specify the topography of anatomical education?
- 2. What are the names of adjectives formed from two or three bases?
- 3. To identify any anatomical structures they are used?
- 4. What is the derivational structure anatomical term?
- 5. What is called as substantivation?

Unit 7. Anatomical and histological terminology in the first, second and third declension.

Discussion questions:

- 1. How do agree adjectives with the nouns?
- 2. What is the sign of the 1st declension of nouns and adjectives?
- 3. What is the sign of the 2nd declension of nouns and adjectives?
- 4. How to determine the basis for the nouns of the 3rd declension?

Unit 8. Three types of declensions of nouns, adjectives, participles in the third declension.

Discussion questions:

1. What is the difference between the vowels, consonants and mixed types of third declension? Why does it need to know?

- 2. How to identify the nouns of the 3rd declension?
- 3. How to distinguish between adjectives one end of the 3rd declension of nouns of the 3rd declension?
- 4. What is the specific use of adjectives formed from various foundations, medical terminology? Give examples.
- 5. How are formed by their names muscle function?
- 6. In what nominative put nouns dependent muscle names of their functions?

Unit 9. Anatomical and histological terminology of the fourth and fifth declensions.

Discussion questions:

- 1. Why is it important to be able to distinguish nouns 4th declination?
- 2. Name the 10 nouns 4th declension masculine.
- 3. What kind of a sign of nouns 5th declination?
- 4. adjectives agree with nouns 4 and 5th declination?

Unit 10. Nominative and genitive of plural nouns and adjectives. (Lesson-competition, Olympiad) Discussion questions:

- 1. What are the characteristic features of masculine nouns of the 3rd declension?
- 2. What are the characteristics of feminine nouns of the 3rd declension.
- 3. What are the characteristics of neuter nouns of the 3rd declension?
- 4. What are the exceptions to the rules on the way.
- 5. What are the features of the declension of nouns and adjectives 3rd declination?
- 6. What is the ruling neuter? What are the two cases are the same in shape?
- 7. Name the end of the plural nominative case.
- 8. What are the end of the genitive plural?

Section 2. Clinical terminology

Unit 11. The structure of the clinical term. The methods of word formation.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What is the morphemic composition and its derivational structure words?
- 2. What kinds of morphemes.
- 3. What is called terminoelements?
- 4. What is the derivation derivative word?

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- 5. What is called the root element of the frequency?
- 6. How do you understand "the terminology used in the derivation of clinical terminology"?
- 7. The complex of Sciences and some specialty areas served by clinical terminology?

Unit 12. Suffixes and prefixes in clinical terminology.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What is deminutivy? Give an example. Call the suffixes.
- 2. What is the suffix has a total value of word-formation "action process"?
- 3. Give examples of terms from word-formation values "action process", "result of the action." "Tool (tool body, the subject), which produces action"?
- 4. What is the suffix points to a value of "generating, calling" and "generated, called"?
- 5. What are the suffixes -ide (us, a, um) and form (is, e)?
- 6. Give examples of Greco-Latin synonyms in the adjective suffix.
- 7. What is a stem-?

Unit 13. Greco-Latin doublets, single terminoelements.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What is the Greek-Latin doublets?
- 2. What are some features of stem-.
- 3. What is the role and importance of motivating a basis in the structure of motivated words?
- 4. What are the structural types of clinical terms.
- 5. What are the Greco-Latin doublets you know what their use of terminology?
- 6. As the term denoting the name of inflammation?
- 7. How form the names of tumors?
- 8. What is the meaning of terms with the suffix -osis?
- 9. What is the concept of "clinical terminology"?
- 10. What special clinical expression you know?

Section 3. Pharmaceutical terminology

Unit 14. The general understanding of the pharmaceutical terminology. Nomenclature of medicines.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What is the concept of "pharmaceutical terminology"?
- 2. What can you say about the general terms of the pharmaceutical?
- 3. What are the methods of derivation of trivial names of drugs?
- 4. What are the suffixes attached to producing basis in the names of drugs?
- 5. What are the frequency segments in the generic name?
- 6. What are the frequency segments reflect the information of the anatomical, physiological and therapeutic nature?
- 7. What are the frequency segments pharmacological information.
- 8. What is the suffix indicating the generic name of enzyme preparations?
- 9. What dosage forms you know?
- 10. What can you say about pharmaceuticals, including in its membership designation dosage form?

Unit 15. The verb in the pharmaceutical terminology.

Discussion questions:

- 1. How many conjugations has the Latin verb?
- 2. How is the type of conjugation?
- 3. How to determine the basis of the verb?
- 4. What is the dictionary form of the Latin verb?
- 5. What is the infinitive?

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- 6. formed imperative?
- 7. As used in the formulation of the imperative?
- 8. Give examples of the use of the verb in the subjunctive?
- 9. What are the standard prescription formulation with the verb.

Unit 16. Basic rules of execution of the prescription string and the Latin part of the recipe.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What are the grammatical dependencies in line prescription?
- 2. What is the structure of the recipe?
- 3. Call are the rules of registration of the recipes in Latin.
- 4. What are the grammatical variants of prescribing pills?
- 5. What are the grammatical variants of prescribing suppositories?
- 6. What kind of cases used prepositions in Latin?
- 7. Call the prescription formulation with prepositions.

Unit 17. Chemical nomenclature in Latin.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What are the principles of the formation of the Latin names of acids?
- 2. What are the principles of formation of oxides of Latin names?
- 3. What are the principles of the formation of the Latin names of salts?
- 4. What can you say about the Latin names of the chemical elements?
- 5. Call the frequency segments in the names of hydrocarbon radicals.

Unit 18. The structure of the names of medical products.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What is the structure of the single-word names of medicines?
- 2. What are the suffixes and prefixes are used in the names of medicines?
- 3. What is the structure of multiword names of medicines?

Unit 19. Frequency segments with chemical value. Major reductions prescription.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What are the main principles of the reduction in the recipe.
- 2. Why can not cut the name of medicines?
- 3. Why should remember the spelling of the frequency segments with chemical value?

Unit 20. Numerals, adverbs, pronouns, prepositions in medical terminology.

Discussion questions:

- 1. What are the cardinal-top Latin and Greek origin you know?
- 2. Which adverbs are used in the recipe?
- 3. Call are some aphorisms with pronouns.

Unit 21. Overview of the course material (Latin language and the basics of medical terminology).

Preparing to a credit

7. LABORATORY AND WORK PRACTICAL'S

This type of work is not provided

8. SUBJECTS OF COURSE, TEST PAPERS AND ABSTRACTS

This type of work is not provided

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9. THE LIST OF QUESTIONS TO A CREDIT

№	Question
1.	1.What is the term and terminology?
2.	What are the main sources of medical terminology?
3.	What is the role of Latin in the professional language of the doctor?
4.	What is the role of the Latin language in the formation of European literature and art?
5.	What are the main stages of development of medical terminology?
6.	What is the length and brevity of a syllable?
7.	What are the rules of production of the stress in Latin words?
8.	What is the "dictionary form"?
9.	What has been the inconsistent definition?
10.	What is the dictionary form of adjectives?
11.	How the comparative degree of adjectives is formed. What declination from-worn
	adjectives of the comparative degree?
12.	What are adjectives in the comparative degree are most common in anatomical
	terminology?
13.	What is called substantiation?
14.	What is the difference between vowel, consonant and mixed types of 3rd declension?
15.	What is the specificity of the use of adjectives formed from different bases in medical
1.6	terminology?
16.	What is called a term element?
17.	What is the derivational element of a derived word?
18.	What is called the frequency root element?
19.	As you understand "terminological word formation in clinical terminology".
20.	The complex of Sciences and spheres of professional activity is served by clinical terminology.
21.	What are Greek-Latin doublets?
22.	What is the content of the concept of "pharmaceutical terminology"?
23.	What can you say about General pharmaceutical terms?
24.	What are the ways of word formation of trivial names of medicines?
24.	What are the grammatical dependencies in the recipe line?
26.	What is the structure of the recipe?
27.	What are the rules of registration of parts of the recipe in Latin?
28.	What are the grammatical options for prescribing pills?
29.	What are grammatical variants of prescription suppositories?
30.	What are the principles of formation of Latin names of acids?

10. INDIVIDUAL WORK

Form of study ____Intramural____

Units / Themes of	Type of individual work (study of educational	Hours	Form of control
discipline	material, problem solving, essay, report,		(checking the
	examination, preparation for the exam, etc.)		solution of
			problems,
			abstract, etc.)

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Form



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Unit 1. The	Study of educational material, performing exercises	1	Test and
history of the	1.Professional language of the doctor. Term and		questions
Latin language	terminology. The scientific concept. The system of		
and its place in	concepts and terminological system. Main language		
the professional	sources of medical terminology. Place of Latin and		
language of the	Greek languages in the professional language of the		
doctor. The main	doctor.		
stages of the	2.A brief history of the Latin language. Its role in		
development of	the formation of European science and culture. The		
medical	main stages of the development of medical		
terminology.	terminology.		
Unit 2. Latin	Study of educational material, performing exercises	1	Test and
alphabet. Rules	1.Phonetics. Accent.		questions
of reading.	2.Latin alphabet. The pronunciation of sounds.		questions
Accent.			
7 Recent.	3.Digraphs and letter combinations.		
	4. The rules of accent. Longitude and shortness		
	of syllables.		
Unit 3. The	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Test and
structure of the	1.Grammar. Noun. Adjective. Declension		questions
anatomical term.	system.		1
	2.Noun. Grammatical categories: genus,		
	number and case.		
	3. Five declensions of nouns. Signs of decline		
	each.		
	4.Dictionary noun form. The uncoordinated		
	attribute.		
Unit 4. Adjective.	Study of educational material, performing exercises	1	Test and
	1.Adjective. Grammatical categories: genus,		questions
	number and case. Dictionary form.		4
	2.Two groups of adjectives. Principles for		
	matching of adjectives with nouns of five		
	declines in the nominative and genitive		
	singular.		
	3.Coordinated attributes.		
Unit 5. Degrees	Study of educational material, performing exercises	1	Test and
of comparison of	1. The comparative degree of adjectives.		questions
the adjectives.	2. Alignment with five nouns decline in the		1
	nominative and genitive singular.		
	3. The use in anatomical terminology.		
I Init C	4. Superlative degree of adjectives.	2	TD 4 1
Unit 6.	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Test and
Preliminary	1.Brief information about some prefixed,		questions
information of	complex and substantivized adjectives in the		
prefix.	anatomical terminology.		
Compound	2. The structure of the anatomical term:		
adjectives.	derivational, morphological and syntactic.		
Substantivation			
of adjectives.			
Unit 7.	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Test and
Anatomical and	1. First declension of nouns and adjectives.		questions
histological	2.Second declension of nouns and adjectives.		
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terminology in the first, second	3. Third declension of nouns.		
and third			
declension.			
deciension.			
Unit 8. Three	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Test and
types of	1. Features of the 3rd declension. Three types:	_	questions
declensions of	consonants, vowels, mixed.		questions
nouns, adjectives,			
participles in the	2. Masculine nouns of the 3rd declension.		
third declension.	3. Feminine nouns of the 3rd declension.		
	4.Adjectives of 3rd declension. Dictionary		
	form.		
	5.Declination of vowel type.		
	6.Adjectives that form degrees of comparison		
	of the different bases.		
Unit 9.	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Test and
Anatomical and			questions
histological	1. The fourth and fifth declension of nouns. General		1
terminology of	characteristics.		
the fourth and	2. Dictionary Form.		
fifth declensions.			
Unit 10.	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Test and
Nominative and	1. Nominative plural of nouns and adjectives.		questions
genitive of plural	2.Genitive plural of nouns and adjectives.		
nouns and	3.Case endings of singular and plural forms of		
adjectives of five	declination. General rules.		
declensions.	4.Generalization of declination.		
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Unit 11. The	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Test and
structure of the	1.Introduction into clinical terminology. Some		questions
clinical term. The	general concepts of terminology of word formation.		
methods of word formation	General understanding of the structure of clinical		
Tormation	terminology. 2. Greco-Latin doublets and single terminoelements.		
Unit 12. Suffixes	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Tost and
and prefixes in	1.Suffixes.	2	Test and
clinical			questions
terminology.	2. Greek noun suffixes in clinical terminology.		
terminology.	3.Prefixes.		
	4.Polysemy, synonyms and homonyms in		
	prefixes.	_	
Unit 13. Greco-	Study of educational material, performing exercises	2	Test and
Latin doublets,	1.Greco-Latin doublets, indicating fluid secrets;		questions
single	sex, age.		
terminoelements.			
Unit 14. The	Study of advantional material nonforming avarages	2	Test or d
	Study of educational material, performing exercises	²	Test and
general understanding of	1. The pharmaceutical terminology and recipe.		questions
the	2.Nomenclature of medicines.		
pharmaceutical	3. Typical structure of names of medicines and		
terminology.	drugs.		
Nomenclature of	4. The methods of word formation.		
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medicines.			
Unit 15. The verb in the pharmaceutical terminology.	Study of educational material, performing exercises 1.The verb. Grammatical categories. T 2.Writing in the training dictionary. Infinitive. 4.The imperative mood. 5.Formation and consumption in the recipe. 6.Indicative and subjunctive mood. 7.Currently and passive voice. Verb fieri in prescription formulations. Verb -esse - be.	2	Test and questions
Unit 16. Basic rules of execution of the prescription string and the Latin part of the recipe.	Study of educational material, performing exercises 1.General understanding of the pharmaceutical terminology. 2.Total recipe. Concepts drug substance, drug formulation. Designation of amount of drug. 3.Structure of a recipe.	2	Test and questions
Unit 17. Chemical nomenclature in Latin.	Study of educational material, performing exercises 1.Latin names of chemical elements and their compounds (acids, oxides and salts).	2	Test and questions
Unit 18. The structure of the names of medical products.	Study of educational material, performing exercises 1. The structure of the single-word names of medicines. 2. The methods of word formation: suffixation, prefixation, stem-, addition of arbitrary lengths. 3. The frequency segments in the names of drugs that carry specific information. 4. The structure of the multiword names of medicines.	2	Test and questions
Unit 19. Frequency segments with chemical value. Major reductions prescription.	Study of educational material, performing exercises 1.Prescription reducing dosage forms, the names of parts of plants, and standard prescription formulations. 2.Spelling and the value of the frequency segments with chemical value.	1	Test and questions
Unit 20. Numerals, adverbs, pronouns, prepositions in medical terminology.	Study of educational material, performing exercises 1.Numerals, adverbs and pronouns that are used in medical terminology. 2.Communion resent and past active and passive voices. 3.Numerals prefix of Latin and Greek origin.	1	Test and questions
TOTAL		36	

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10. EDUCATIONAL-METHODICAL AND INFORMATION SUPPORT OF DISCIPLINE

a) List of recommended literature:

Core reading

- 1. Лемпель, Н. М. Латинский язык для медиков : учебник для вузов / Н. М. Лемпель. Москва : Издательство Юрайт, 2019. 253 с. (Авторский учебник). ISBN 978-5-534-04869-8. Текст : электронный // ЭБС Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://biblio-online.ru/bcode/441201
- 2. Чернявский М.Н., Латинский язык и основы фармацевтической терминологии [Электронный ресурс] / Чернявский М. Н. М. : ГЭОТАР-Медиа, 2014. 400 с. ISBN 978-5-9704-2926-6 Режим доступа: http://www.studentlibrary.ru/book/ISBN9785970429266.html
- 3. Дьячок, М. Т. Основы латинского языка : учебное пособие для бакалавриата и специалитета / М. Т. Дьячок. 3-е изд., испр. и доп. Москва : Издательство Юрайт, 2019. 166 с. (Бакалавр и специалист). ISBN 978-5-534-05648-8. Текст : электронный // ЭБС Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://biblio-online.ru/bcode/441307

Supplementary reading

- 1. Штунь, А. И. Латинский язык [Электронный ресурс] : учебное пособие / А. И. Штунь. 2-е изд. Электрон. текстовые данные. Саратов : Научная книга, 2019. 222 с. 978-5-9758-1740-2. Режим доступа: http://www.iprbookshop.ru/81017.html
- 2. Тронский, И. М. Очерки из истории латинского языка / И. М. Тронский. Москва : Издательство Юрайт, 2019. 273 с. (Антология мысли). ISBN 978-5-534-04861-2. Текст : электронный // ЭБС Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://biblio-online.ru/bcode/441224
- 3. Титов, О. А. Латинский язык : учебник и практикум для вузов / О. А. Титов. 2-е изд., испр. и доп. Москва : Издательство Юрайт, 2019. 189 с. (Университеты России). ISBN 978-5-534-09503-6. Текст : электронный // ЭБС Юрайт [сайт]. URL: https://biblio-online.ru/bcode/428036

Educational-methodical reading

- 1. Яковлева Н.Ю. Методическая разработка к практическим занятиям для студентов. Дисциплина «Латинский язык» [Электронный ресурс]: учебно-методическое пособие/ Яковлева Н.Ю.— Электрон. текстовые данные.— Самара: PEABИ3, 2010.— 65 с-Режим доступа: .http://www.iprbookshop.ru/14892.html
- 2. Guidelines for Individual work of students for discipline "Latin language" 31.05.01 General medicine / comp. by N. A. Nikitina; Ulyanovsk State University, Institute of Medicine, Ecology and Physical Culture. Ulyanovsk :UISU, 2019. Загл. с экрана; Неопубликованный ресурс. Электрон. текстовые дан. (1 файл : 260 Кб). Текст : электронный http://lib.ulsu.ru/MegaPro/Download/MObject/1823

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b) Computer software

The information infrastructure of the Department includes web-pages on the official website of the University, its own computer class for testing students at 8 workplaces, personal computers of modern generation (equipped with each workplace of teachers, staff and graduate students), multimedia lecture complexes (2 stationary and portable), all computers without exception are in the local network of the University and have access to the Internet, printers and copiers, computer equipment. 100% of lectures on specialties of the medical faculty are provided with multimedia presentations, including animations and video clips. The educational process uses more than 30 electronic textbooks and manuals, open Internet resources, including the use in online mode during practical classes and lectures, DVD-videos on individual sections of the disciplines taught, the Department has organized a database of electronic textbooks and atlases with network access in the local network of the educational building of the medical faculty.

c) Professional databases, information and reference systems:

1. Digital Library System:

- 1.1. IPRbooks : электронно-библиотечная система : сайт / группа компаний Ай Пи Ар Медиа. Саратов, [2020]. URL: http://www.iprbookshop.ru. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 1.2. ЮРАЙТ : электронно-библиотечная система : сайт / ООО Электронное издательство ЮРАЙТ. Москва, [2020]. URL: https://www.biblio-online.ru. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 1.3. Консультант студента : электронно-библиотечная система : сайт / ООО Политехресурс. Москва, [2020]. URL: http://www.studentlibrary.ru/catalogue/switch_kit/x2019-128.html. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 1.4. Лань : электронно-библиотечная система : сайт / ООО ЭБС Лань. Санкт-Петербург, [2020]. URL: https://e.lanbook.com. Режим доступа: для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 1.5. Znanium.com : электронно-библиотечная система : сайт / ООО Знаниум. Москва, [2020]. URL: http://znanium.com. Режим доступа : для зарегистрир. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 1.6. Clinical Collection: коллекция для медицинских университетов, клиник, медицинских библиотек // EBSCOhost : [портал]. URL: http://web.a.ebscohost.com/ehost/search/advanced?vid=1&sid=e3ddfb99-a1a7-46dd-a6eb-2185f3e0876a%40sessionmgr4008. Режим доступа: для авториз. пользователей. Текст: электронный.
- **2. КонсультантПлюс** [Электронный ресурс]: справочная правовая система. /ООО «Консультант Плюс» Электрон. дан. Москва : КонсультантПлюс, [2020].

3. Базы данных периодических изданий:

- 3.1. База данных периодических изданий : электронные журналы / ООО ИВИС. Москва, [2020]. URL: https://dlib.eastview.com/browse/udb/12. Режим доступа : для авториз. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- 3.2. eLIBRARY.RU: научная электронная библиотека: сайт / ООО Научная Электронная Библиотека. Москва, [2020]. URL: http://elibrary.ru. Режим доступа: для авториз. пользователей. Текст: электронный
- 3.3. «Grebennikon» : электронная библиотека / ИД Гребенников. Москва, [2020]. URL: https://id2.action-media.ru/Personal/Products. Режим доступа : для авториз. пользователей. Текст : электронный.
- **4.** Национальная электронная библиотека : электронная библиотека : федеральная государственная информационная система : сайт / Министерство культуры $P\Phi$; $P\Gamma B$. —

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Москва, [2020]. – URL: https://нэб.pф. – Режим доступа : для пользователей научной библиотеки. – Текст : электронный.

5. <u>SMART Imagebase</u> // EBSCOhost : [портал]. – URL: https://ebsco.smartimagebase.com/?TOKEN=EBSCO-

1a2ff8c55aa76d8229047223a7d6dc9c&custid=s6895741. — Режим доступа : для авториз. пользователей. — Изображение : электронные.

6. Федеральные информационно-образовательные порталы:

- 6.1. <u>Единое окно доступа к образовательным ресурсам</u>: федеральный портал / учредитель ФГАОУ ДПО ЦРГОП и ИТ. URL: http://window.edu.ru/. Текст: электронный.
- 6.2. <u>Российское образование</u> : федеральный портал / учредитель $\Phi \Gamma AOY$ ДПО ЦРГОП и ИТ. URL: http://www.edu.ru. Текст : электронный.

7. Образовательные ресурсы УлГУ:

- 7.1. Электронная библиотека УлГУ: модуль АБИС Мега-ПРО / ООО «Дата Экспресс». URL: http://lib.ulsu.ru/MegaPro/Web. Режим доступа: для пользователей научной библиотеки. Текст: электронный.
- 7.2. Образовательный портал УлГУ. URL: http://edu.ulsu.ru. Режим доступа : для зарегистр. пользователей. Текст : электронный.

AGREED:	uova	ate MB	1/957	1)
Position of information technology Department employee	full name	signature	date	

12. MATERIAL AND TECHNICAL BASE NECESSARY FOR THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE EDUCATIONAL PROCESS IN THE DISCIPLINE (MODULE)

Classrooms are equipped with specialized furniture and technical means of training, serving for the presentation of educational information (set of multimedia equipment: PC, multimedia projector, screen, speakers). Premises for independent work are equipped with computer equipment with the ability to connect to the Internet and provide access to electronic information and educational environment, electronic library system.

13. SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

Teaching Students with Physical Disabilities is carried out taking into account the peculiarities of psychophysical development, individual capabilities and health status of such students. Education of students with disabilities can be organized both jointly with other students and separately. If necessary, students from among persons with disabilities (at the request of the student) may be offered one of the following options for the perception of information, taking into account their individual psychophysical features:

- for visually impaired persons: in print in an enlarged font; in the form of an electronic document; in the form of an audio file (translation of educational materials into audio format); in printed form in Braille; individual consultations with the involvement of tactile interpreter; individual tasks and consultations.
- for persons with hearing impairments: in hard-copy form; in electronic form; video with subtitles; individual consultations with the involvement of a sign language interpreter; individual assignments and consultations.

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- for persons with disorders of the musculoskeletal system: in hard-copy form; in electronic form; in the form of an audio file; individual assignments and advice."

If it is necessary to use partially / exclusively distance educational technologies in the educational process, the organization of teaching staff work with students with disabilities and disabled people is provided in the electronic information and educational environment, taking into account their individual psychophysical characteristics.

Разработчики: Доцент	1 Jams - 1	Гихонова Л.М/
Должность	подпись ФВ	
Доцент Должность	подпиф фио	Веркалова Ю.Ф.
<u>Доцент</u> должность	mounteer J HO	Воротникова М.В.
Согласовано:	40	
Зав. кафедрой		оротникова М.В/

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